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A Note on Performance of Generalized Tail Biting Trellis Codes

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1. Introduction

Coding Theorem ... random coding arguments

- existence of a code
- essential behavior of the code
- quantitative evaluation

$\Pr(\mathcal{E})$: probability of decoding error

R : rate

G : decoding complexity

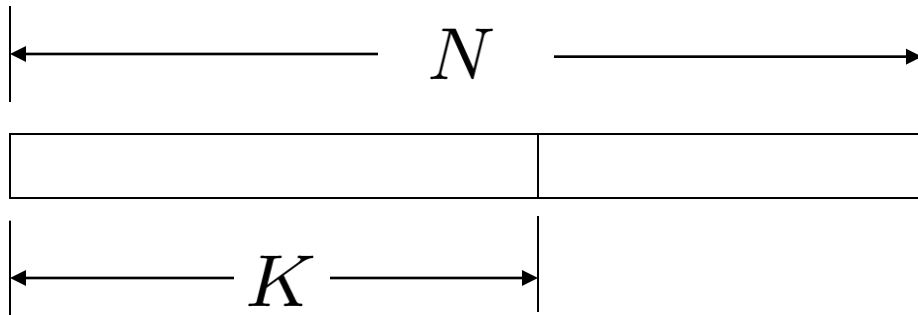
Coding theorem aspects \rightarrow practical coding problem

- **Generalized tail biting (GTB) trellis codes**
 - c.f. Ordinary block codes/Terminated trellis codes
 - Direct truncated (DT) trellis codes [3]
 - Partial tail biting (PTB) trellis codes
 - Full tail biting (FTB) trellis codes [4,5]
- **Generalized version of concatenated codes with generalized tail biting trellis inner codes --- Codes $C^{(J)}$ [6]**
 - inner codes --- GTB trellis codes
 - outer codes --- J Reed Solomon (RS) codes

2. Preliminaries

2.1 Block codes

(N, K) block code



N : code length

K : number of
information symbols

R : rate

$$R = \frac{K}{N} \ln q \quad [\text{nats/symbol}] \quad (1)$$

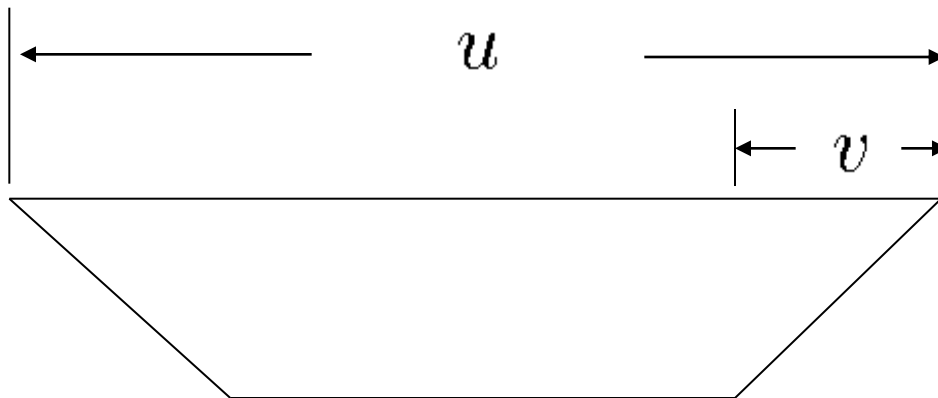
$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-NE(R)] \quad (0 \leq R < C) \quad (2)$$

$$G \sim \exp[NR] \quad (3)$$

$E(R)$: block code exponent

2.2 Trellis codes

(u, v, b) trellis code



u : branch length

v : branch constraint length

b : number of channel symbols / branch

r : rate

$$r = \frac{1}{b} \ln q \quad [\text{nats/symbol}] \quad (4)$$

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-vbe(r)] \quad (0 \leq r < C)$$

$$G \sim q^v$$

$e(r)$: trellis code exponent

parameter $\theta = \frac{v}{u} \quad (0 < \theta \leq 1)$

Block codes converted from trellis codes

 (N, K) terminated trellis code [3]

$$N = ub \quad (6)$$

$$K = u$$

$$R = (1 - \theta)r \quad (7)$$

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-NE(R)]$$

$$E(R) = \max_{0 < \mu \leq 1} (1 - \mu)e(R/\mu) \quad (8)$$

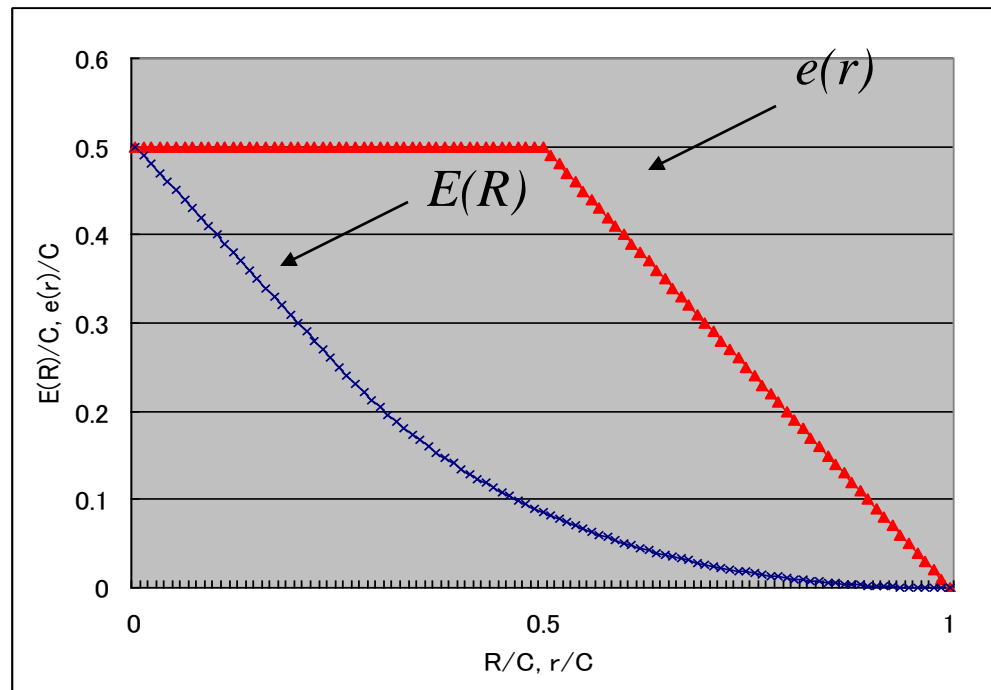
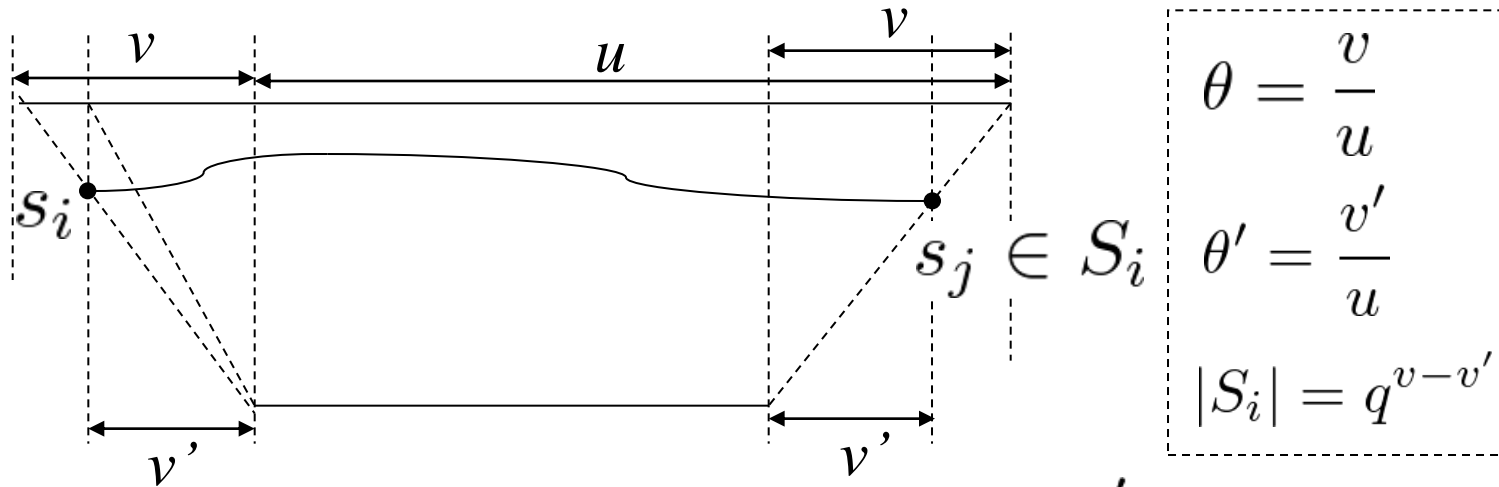


Fig.0: Block code exponent and trellis code exponent for very noisy channel

3. Generalized tail biting trellis codes

3. GTB trellis codes

(N, K) GTB trellis code



$$\theta = \frac{v}{u}$$

$$\theta' = \frac{v'}{u}$$

$$|S_i| = q^{v-v'}$$

$$N = ub, \quad K = u, \quad r = \frac{1}{b} \ln q \quad \text{parameter} \quad \theta' = \frac{v'}{u} \quad (9)$$

(i) DT (direct truncated) [3]: $v' = 0$ ($\theta' = 0$)

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-NE(r)]$$

(ii) PTB (partial tail biting): $0 < v' < v$ ($0 < \theta' < \theta \leq 1$)

(iii) FTB (full tail biting) [4, 5]: $v' = v$ ($\theta' = \theta$)

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-N\theta e(r)] \quad (0 < \theta \leq 1/2)$$

3. GTB trellis codes

Starting states	Ending states
$s_1 = (0, 0)$,	$S_1 = \{(0, 0)\}$
$s_2 = (0, 1)$,	$S_2 = \{(0, 1)\}$
$s_3 = (1, 0)$,	$S_3 = \{(1, 0)\}$
$s_4 = (1, 1)$,	$S_4 = \{(1, 1)\}$

(a) FTB trellis code for $\nu = \nu' = 2$

Starting states	Ending states
$s_1 = (0, 0)$,	$S_1 = \{(0, 0), (0, 1)\}$
$s_3 = (1, 0)$,	$S_3 = \{(1, 0), (1, 1)\}$

(b) PTB trellis code for $\nu = 2$, and $\nu' = 1$

Figure1: Examples of FTB and PTB trellis codes

3.1 Exponential error bounds for GTB Trellis codes

3. GTB trellis codes

[Theorem 1] GTB trellis code

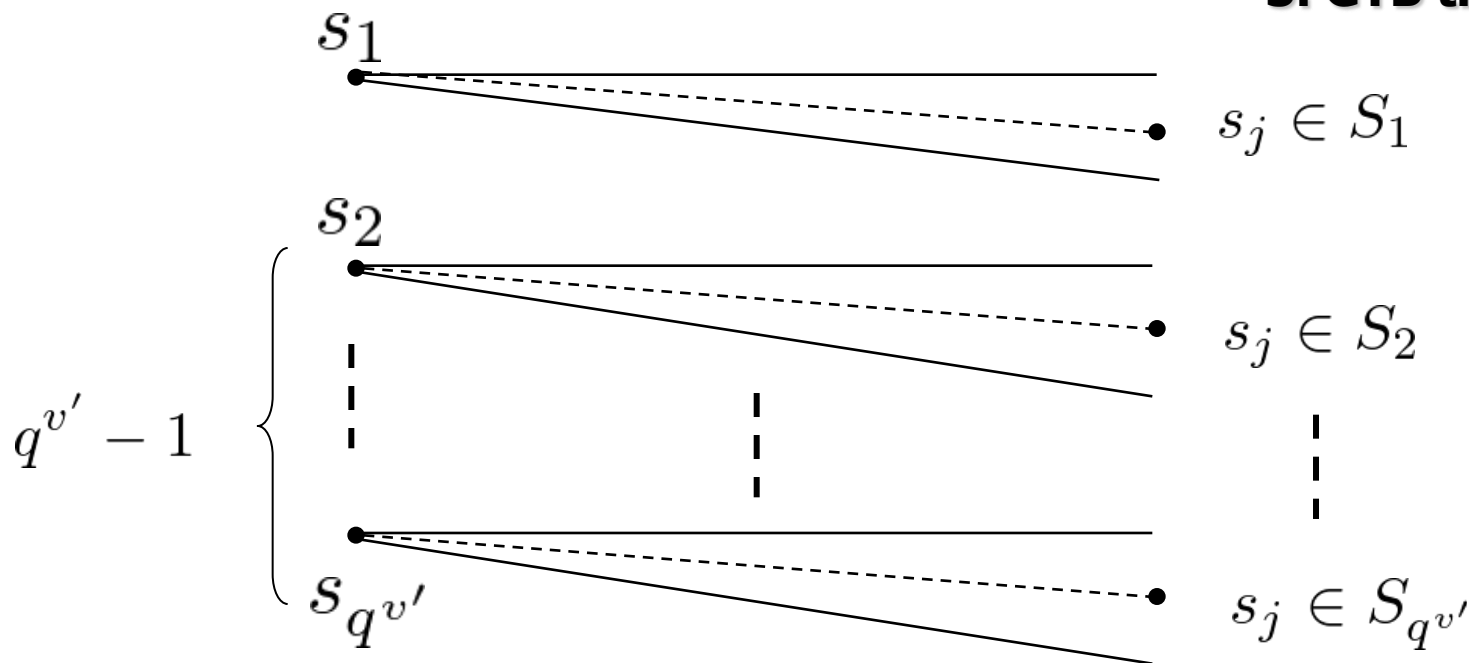
For $0 \leq \theta' \leq \theta \leq 1$

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-Ne_G(r)] \quad (0 \leq r < C) \quad (10)$$

where

$$e_G(r) = \min\{\theta e(r), E[(1 - \theta')r], E(\theta' r)\} \quad (11)$$

3. GTB trellis codes



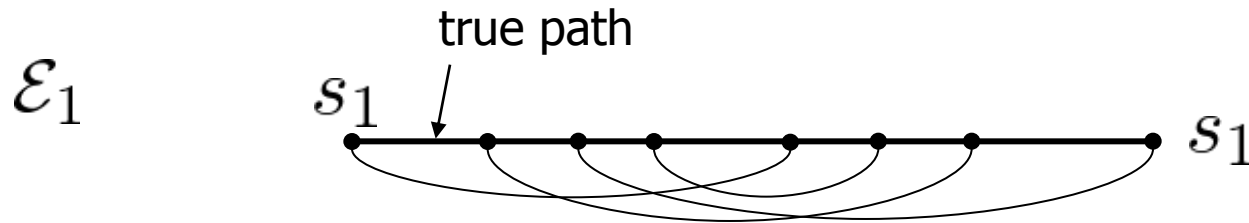
true path : 0^u

\mathcal{E}_1 : starts at $s_1 = 0^v$ and ends at $s_1 = 0^v$

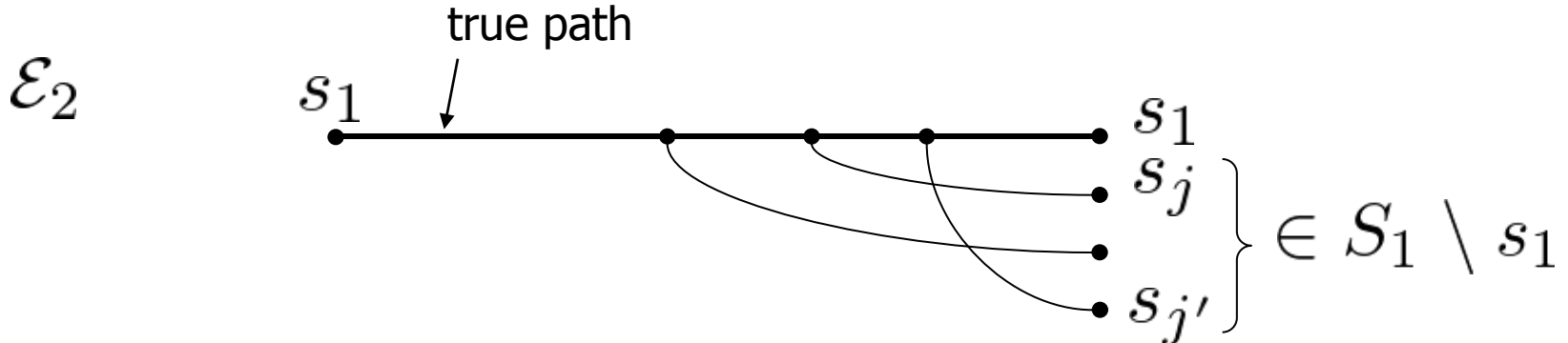
\mathcal{E}_2 : starts at $s_1 = 0^v$ and ends at $s_j \in S_1 \setminus s_1$

\mathcal{E}_3 : starts at $s_i = 0^v$ ($i \neq 1$) and ends at $s_j \in S_1 \setminus s_1$

3. GTB trellis codes

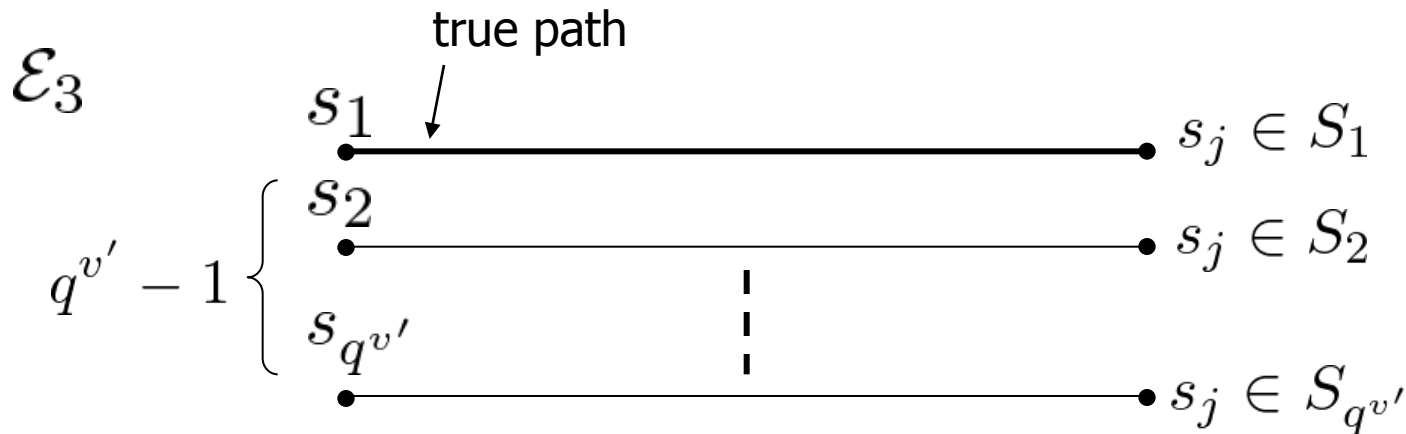


$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(\mathcal{E}_1) &\leq K_1 N \exp[-vbE_0(\rho)] \quad (0 \leq \rho \leq 1) \\ &= \exp\{-N\theta[e(r) - o(1)]\} \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(\mathcal{E}_2) &\leq q^{(v-v')\rho} \exp\{-ubE_0(\rho)\} \\ &= \exp\{-N[E_0(\rho) - \rho(1 - \theta')r]\} \\ &= \exp\{-NE[(1 - \theta')r]\}, \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

3. GTB trellis codes



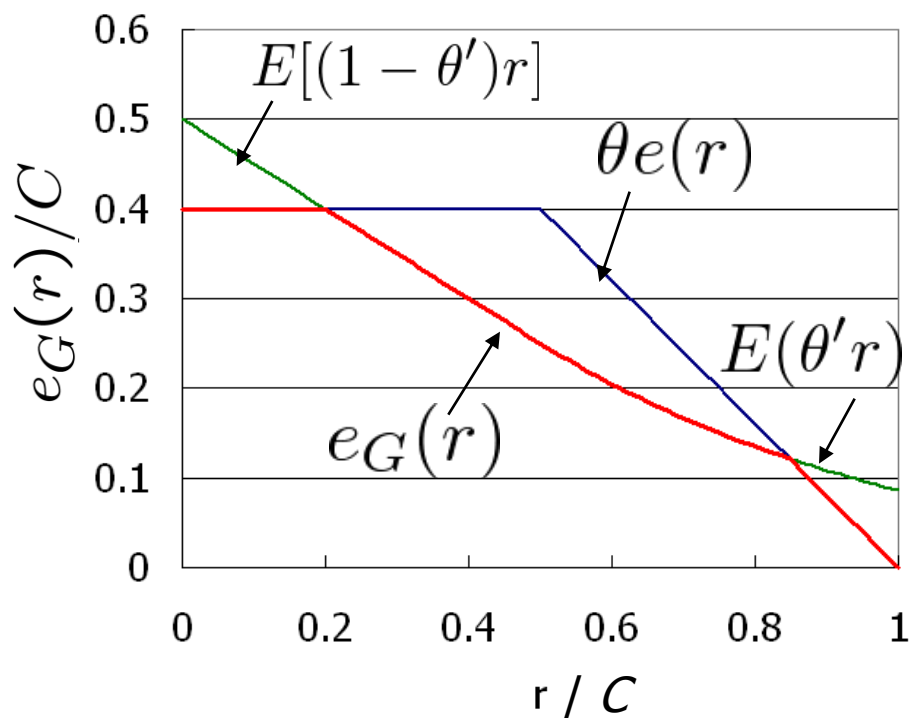
$$\begin{aligned}
 \Pr(\mathcal{E}_3) &\leq q^{v' \rho} \exp\{-ubE_0(\rho)\} \\
 &= \exp\{-N[E_0(\rho) - \rho\theta'r]\} \\
 &= \exp[-NE(\theta'r)], \tag{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Pr(\mathcal{E}) &\leq \Pr(\mathcal{E}_1) + \Pr(\mathcal{E}_2) + \Pr(\mathcal{E}_3) \\
 &\leq 3 \exp[-N \min\{\theta e(r), E[(1 - \theta')r], E(\theta'r)\}] \tag{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

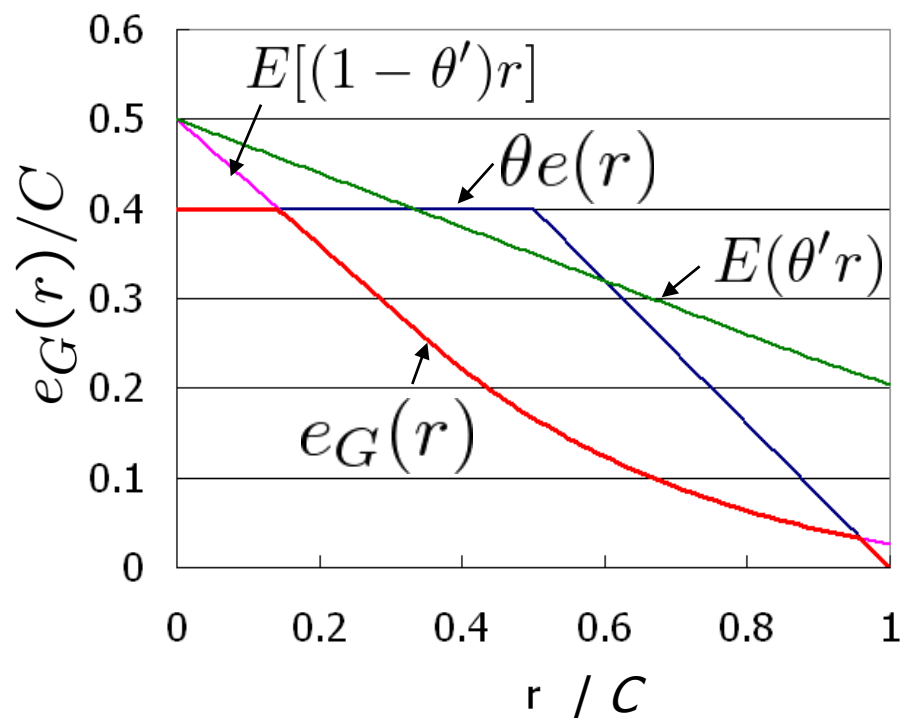
3. GTB trellis codes

[Example 1] GTB trellis codes for Very Noisy Channel

$$e_G(r) = \min\{\theta e(r), E[(1 - \theta')r], E(\theta'r)\}$$



(a) PTB Trellis codes, (1) $\theta = 0.8, \theta' = 0.5$



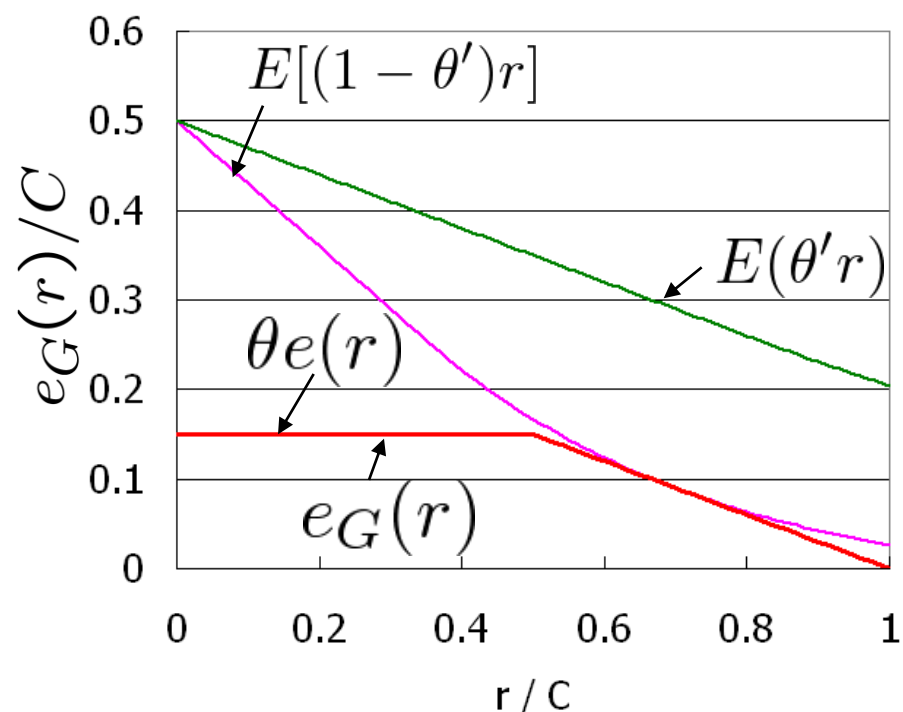
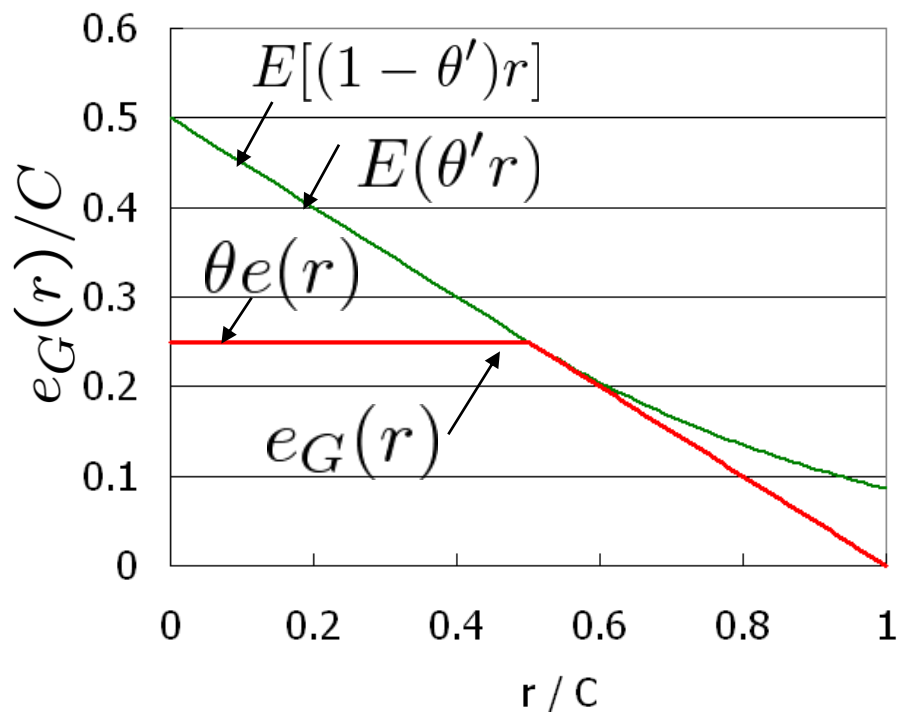
(2) $\theta = 0.8, \theta' = 0.3$

$$E[(1 - \theta)r] \geq \theta e(r) \quad (0 < r \leq C) \quad [3]$$

3. GTB trellis codes

[Example 1] GTB trellis codes for Very Noisy Channel

$$e_G(r) = \min\{\theta e(r), E[(1 - \theta')r], E(\theta' r)\}$$

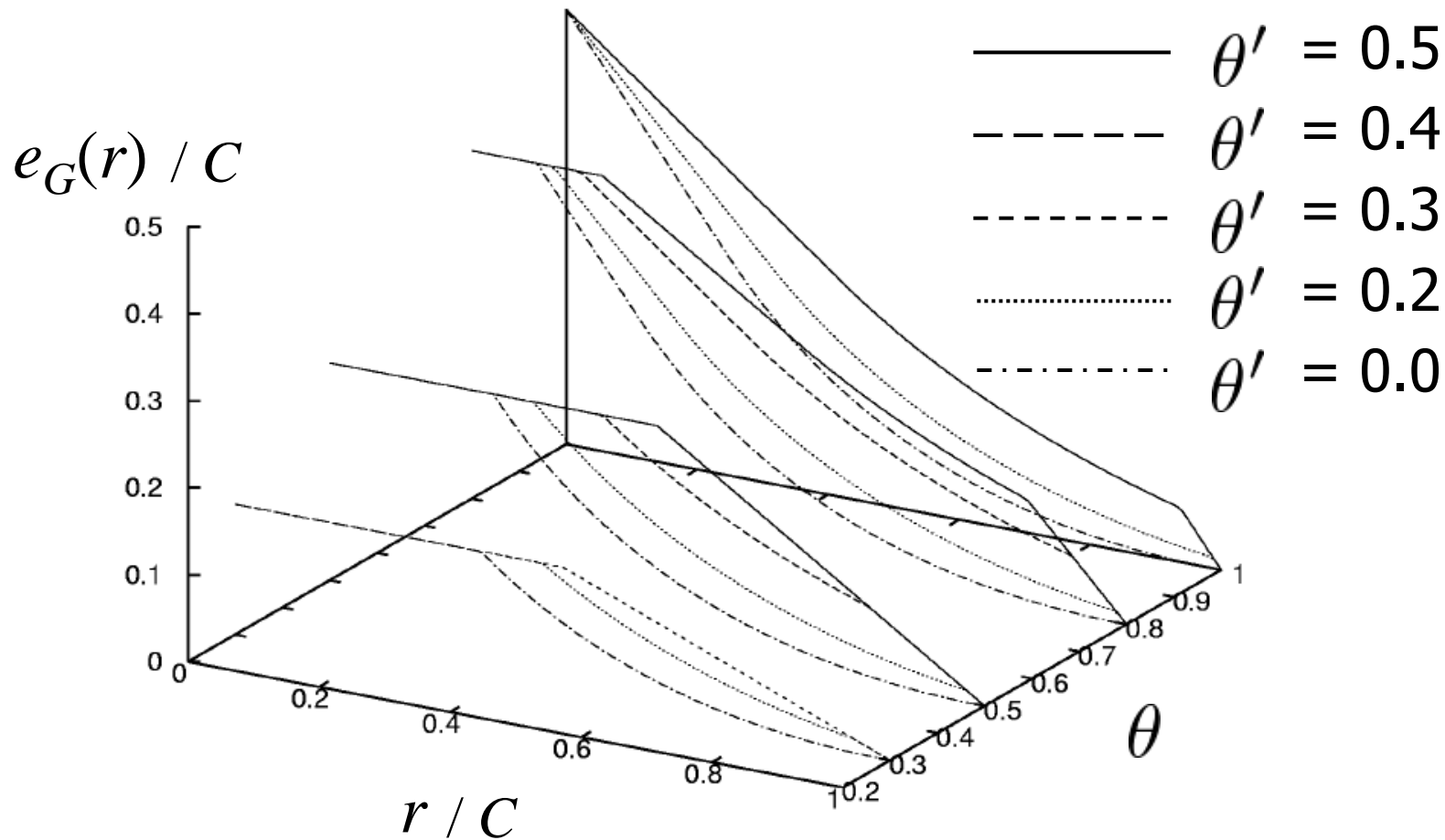


(b) FTB Trellis codes, (1) $\theta = 0.5, \theta' = 0.5$

(2) $\theta = 0.3, \theta' = 0.3$

$$E[(1 - \theta)r] \geq \theta e(r) \quad (0 < r \leq C) \quad [3]$$

3. GTB trellis codes



(a) PTB trellis codes ($\theta' = 0.5$)

(b) FTB trellis codes ($\theta = \theta'$)

3. GTB trellis codes

[Corollary 1] FTB trellis code [4]:

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-N\theta e(r)] \quad (0 < r < C) \quad (17)$$

$$(0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{1}{2})$$

$$G \sim q^{2v} = \exp[2N\theta r] \quad (18)$$

[Corollary 2] upper bounds on $\Pr(\mathcal{E})$

Ordinary block codes } > DT trellis codes
Terminated trellis codes }

	error exponent	decoding complexity	upper bound on $\Pr(\cdot)$
Terminated trellis codes [3]:	$E(R)$	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1-\theta}{\theta} \frac{E(R)}{R}}$
DT trellis codes:	$E(r)$	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1}{\theta} \frac{E(r)}{r}}$

3.2 Decoding complexity for GTB trellis codes

[Theorem 2]

$$G \sim q^{v+v'} = \exp[N(\theta + \theta')r] \quad (0 \leq \theta' \leq \theta \leq 1) \quad (19)$$

3.3 Upper bounds on probability error for same decoding complexity

3. GTB trellis codes

(N, K) block code

$$G \sim \exp[NR] \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(\mathcal{E}) &\leq \exp[-E(R)] \\ &= G^{-\frac{E(R)}{R}} \end{aligned}$$

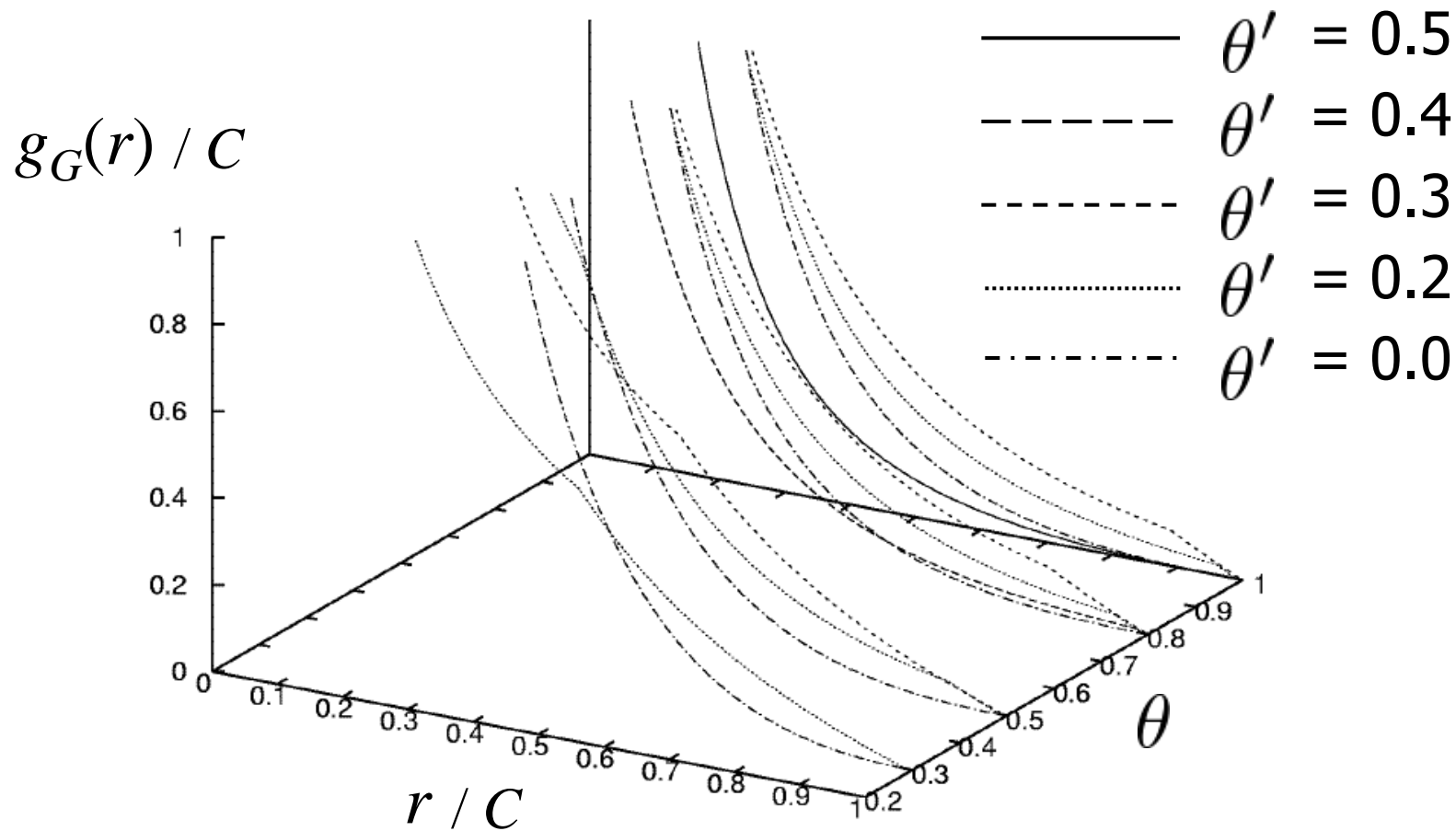
[Corollary 3] GTB trellis codes:

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq G^{-g_G(r)} \quad (22)$$

where

$$g_G(r) = \frac{1}{(\theta + \theta')r} \min\{\theta e(r), E[(1 - \theta')r], E(\theta'r)\}$$

[Example 2] GTB trellis codes for Very Noisy Channel **3. GTB trellis codes**



(a) $1/2 < \theta \leq 1$: PTB trellis codes ($\theta' = 0.5$ except for low rates)

(b) $0 < \theta \leq 1/2$: FTB trellis codes ($\theta = \theta'$)

3. GTB trellis codes

Table 1: Asymptotic results on error exponents and decoding complexity for block codes

Block code	error exponent	decoding complexity	upper bound on $\Pr(\cdot)$
Ordinary block code	$E(R)$	$\exp[NR]$	$G^{-\frac{E(R)}{R}}$
Terminated trellis code	$E(R)$ [3]	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1-\theta}{\theta} \frac{E(R)}{R}}$
GTB trellis code (Theorems 1 and 2)			
DT trellis code ($\theta' = 0$)	$E(r)$ [3]	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1}{\theta} \frac{E(r)}{r}}$
PTB trellis code ($0 < \theta' < \theta$)	$e_G(r)$	$q^{v+v'}$	$G^{-\frac{1}{\theta+\theta'} \frac{e_G(r)}{r}} \dagger$
FTB trellis code ($\theta' = \theta$)	$e_G(r)$	q^{2v}	$G^{-\frac{1}{2\theta} \frac{e_G(r)}{r}} \dagger$

4. Generalized version of concatenated codes with GTB trellis inner codes

- [4] **Example 2** The case of $\theta = \frac{1}{2}$ gives the largest error exponent for the code \mathcal{C}_T with the same overall decoding complexity for the code \mathcal{C}_T and for the code \mathcal{C} . On a very noisy channel, the error exponent for the code \mathcal{C}_T is larger than that for the code \mathcal{C} , except for $0 \leq R_0 \leq 0.06C$. Substitution of (D.1) and (D.2) into (25) and (21), respectively, gives Fig. 2. \square

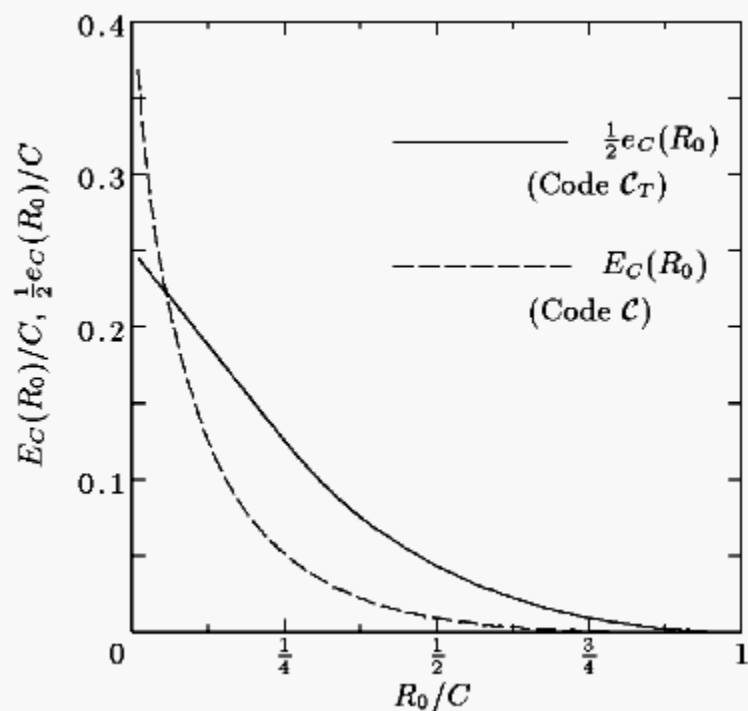


Fig.2: Error exponents for code \mathcal{C} and code \mathcal{C}_T for very noisy channel

4. Concatenated codes

Generalized version of concatenated codes with GTB trellis codes

[Lemma 1] [4, 5]: ($J = 1$)

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-N_0 \theta e_C(R_0)] \quad \left(0 < \theta \leq \frac{1}{2}, 0 \leq R_0 < C\right)$$

where

$$e_C(R_0) = \max_{0 < r < C} \left(1 - \frac{R_0}{r}\right) e(r)$$

$$G_0 = O(N_0^2 \log^2 N_0) \quad \left(0 < \theta \leq \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

	error exponent	decoding complexity	upper bound on $\Pr(\cdot)$
Terminated trellis codes [6]:	$E(R)$	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1-\theta}{\theta} \frac{E(R)}{R}}$
DT trellis codes:	$E(r)$	q^v	$G^{-\frac{1}{\theta} \frac{E(r)}{r}}$

Length of outer code $n = q^{\frac{u}{J}}$,

Decoding complexity of inner code $O(n^{1+J(\theta+\theta')} \log^2 n)$

[Theorem 3] Generalized version of concatenated codes $C^{(J)}$ ($J > 1$)[6]:

With the DT trellis inner codes

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-N_0 E_C^{(J)}(R_0)] \quad (0 \leq R_0 \leq C)$$

where

$$E_C^{(J)}(R_0) = \max_R \left(1 - \frac{R_0}{R}\right) \frac{J}{\sum_{j=1}^J \left[\frac{E(R)}{E(\frac{jR}{J})} \right]} E(R)$$

4. Concatenated codes

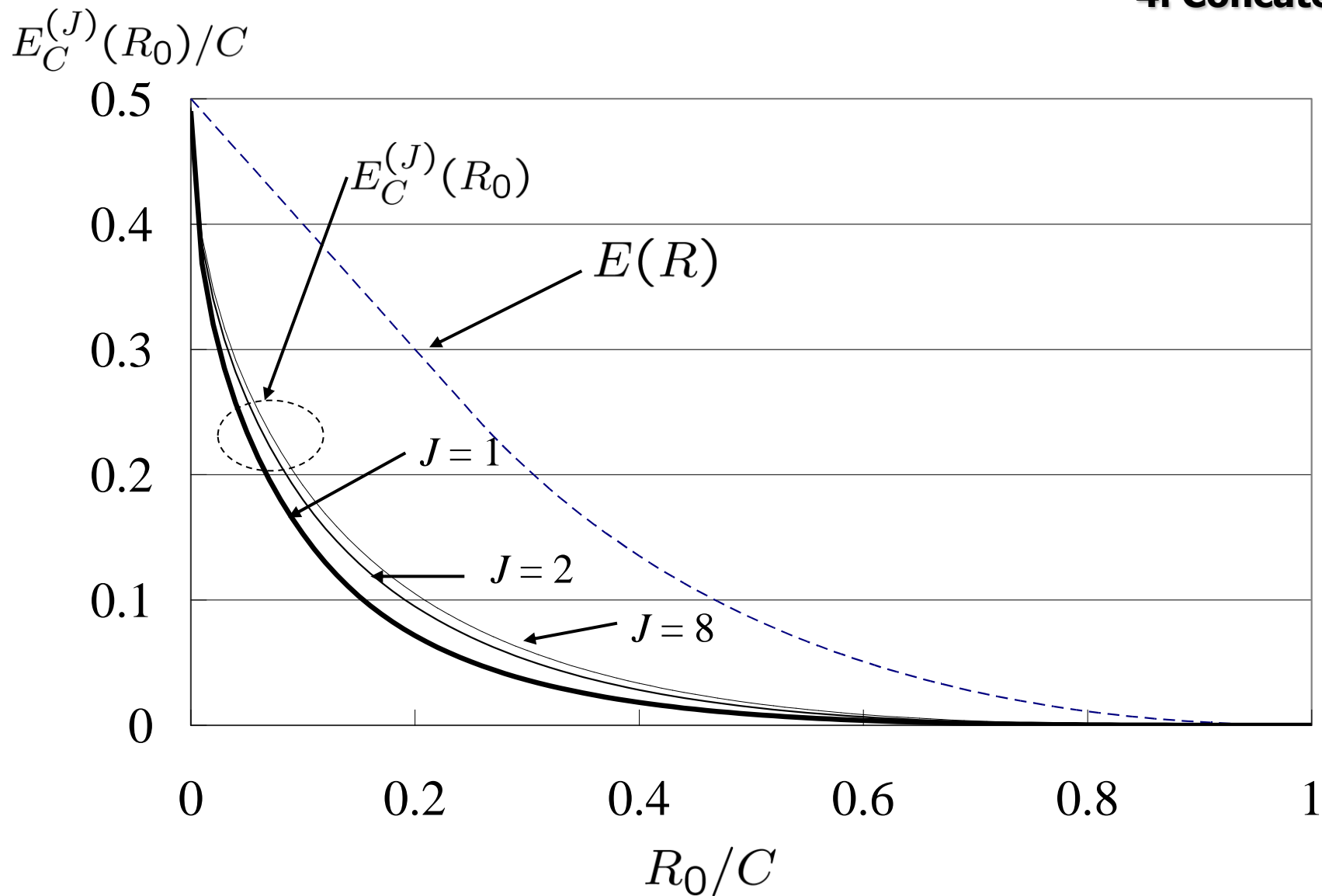


Figure 6: (a) Code $C^{(J)}$ with DT trellis inner codes over a very noisy channel

[Theorem 4] Code $C^{(J)}$

With the GTB trellis inner codes

$$\Pr(\mathcal{E}) \leq \exp[-N_0 e_C^{(J)}(R_0)] \quad (29)$$

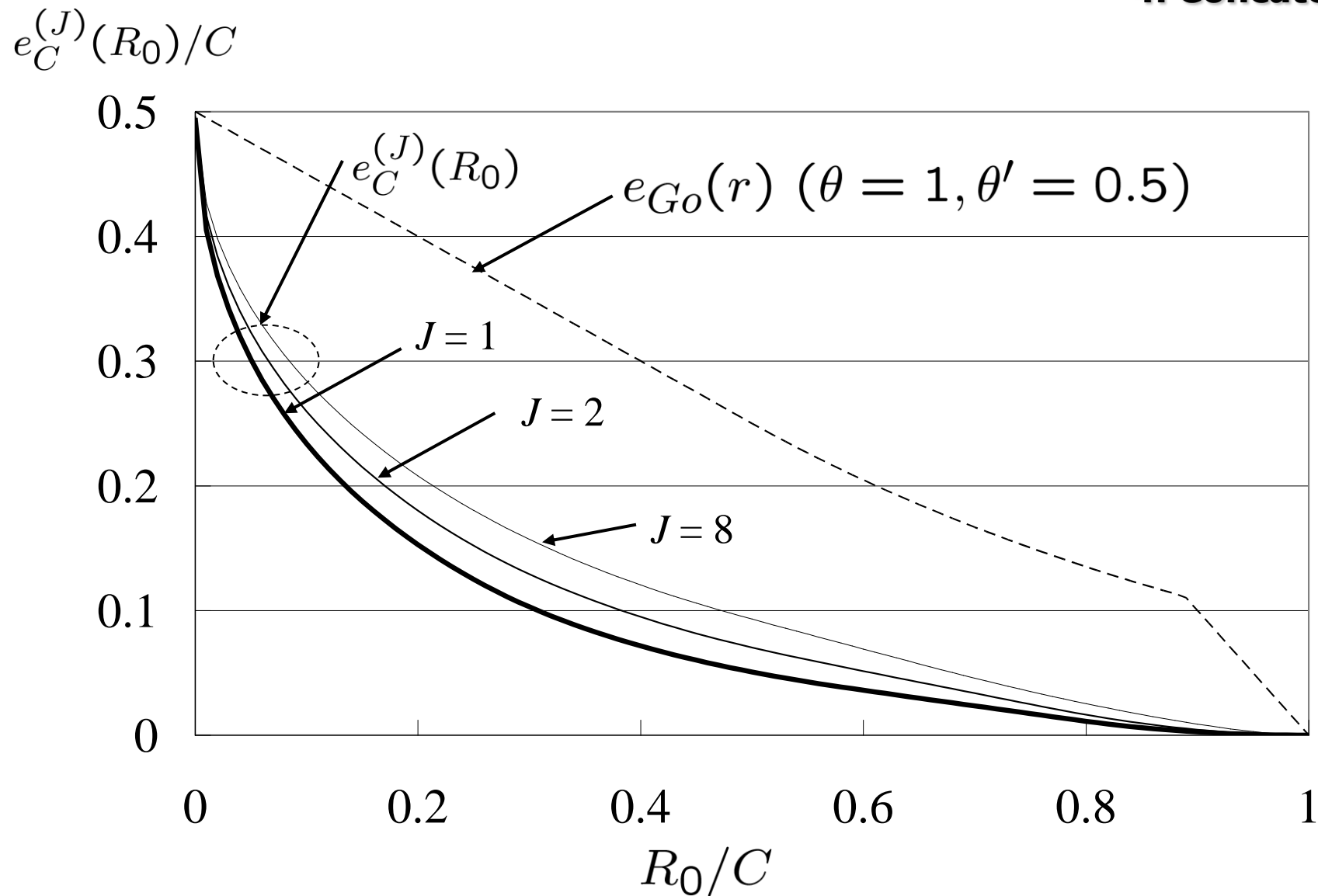
where

$$e_C^{(J)}(R_0) = \max_r \left(1 - \frac{R_0}{r}\right) \frac{J}{\sum_{j=1}^J \left[\frac{e_G(r)}{e_G(\frac{jr}{J})}\right]} e_G(r). \quad (30)$$

Decoding complexity

$$G(N_0) = \begin{cases} O(N_0^2 \log^2 N_0), & J = 1; \\ O(N_0^{1+J(\theta+\theta')} \log^{1-J(\theta+\theta')} N_0), & J \geq 2, \end{cases} \quad (31)$$

4. Concatenated codes

Figure 6: (b) Code $C^{(J)}$ with PTB trellis inner codes over a very noisy channel

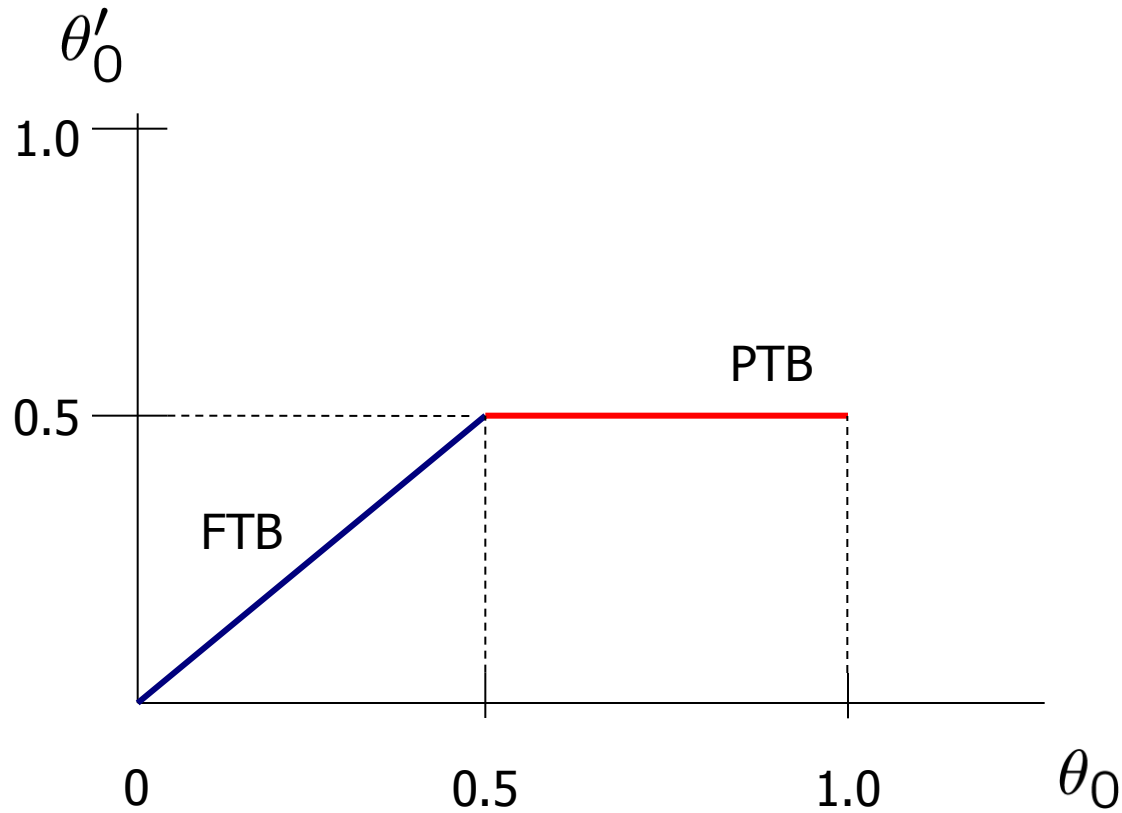
4. Concatenated codes

Figure 7: Optimum parameters θ_0 and θ'_0 over a very noisy channel

5. Concluding remarks

(1) GTB trellis codes over Very Noisy Channel

$$1/2 < \theta \leq 1 \quad (\theta' = 0.5) : \quad \text{PTB}$$

$$0 < \theta \leq 1/2 \quad (\theta = \theta') : \quad \text{FTB}$$

(2) Generalized version of concatenated codes $C^{(J)}$

- Exponent + Decoding complexity
- Terminated trellis codes = DT trellis codes

Inner codes: $O(nN^2 e^{NR}) = O(n^2 \log^2 n)$

Outer codes: GMD $O(nd \log^4 n) = O(n^2 \log^4 n) \quad (J = 1)$

E-O $O(n \log^4 n) \quad (J = 1)$

Over-all decoding complexity is dominated by that of inner codes!

5. Concluding remarks

(3) Generalized version of concatenated codes $C^{(J)}$

GTB trellis inner codes --- PTB trellis codes

- Linear error exponent + large decoding complexity

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